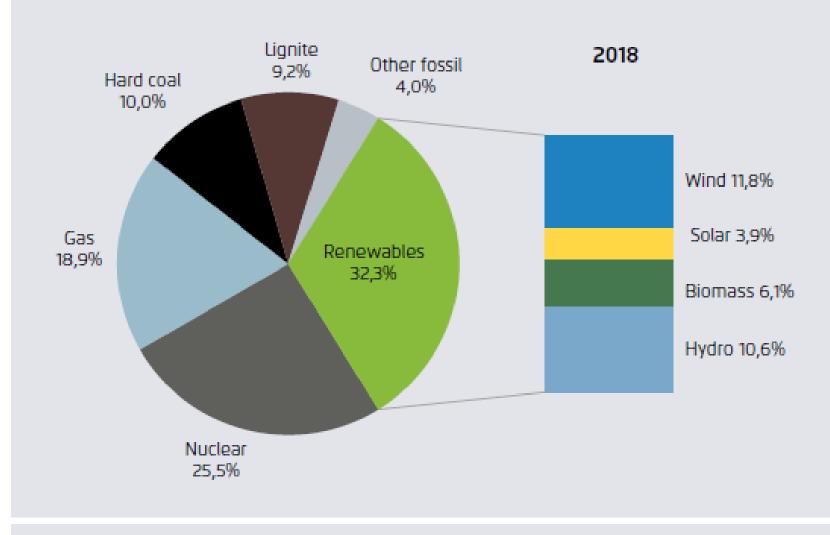






In 2018, lignite and hard coal power plants provided ~20% of the EU's power generation

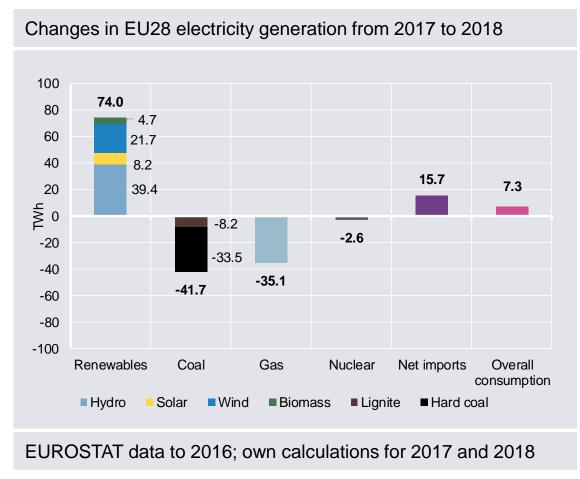


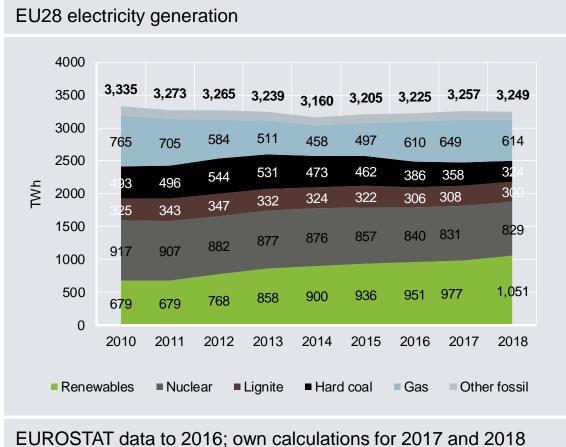


EUROSTAT data to 2016; own calculations for 2017 and 2018



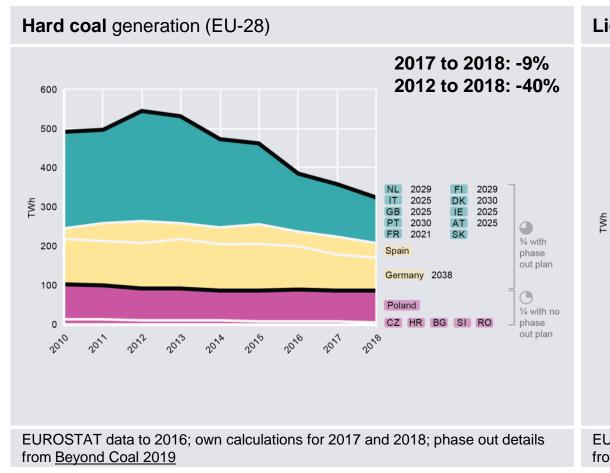
Between 2010 and 2018, power generation from coal plants dropped from ~800 TWh to ~600 TWh

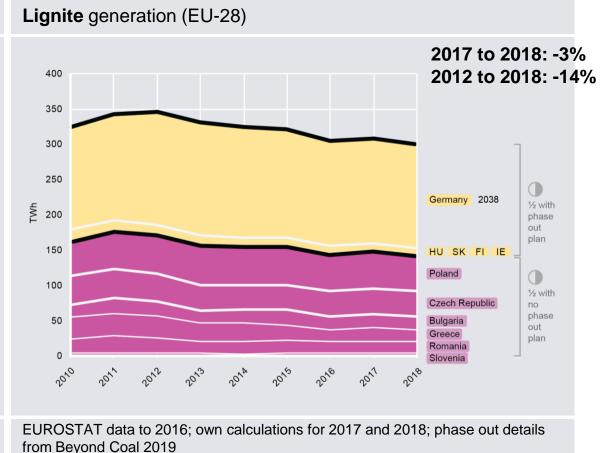




A tale of two types of coal: Due to higher marginal cost, especially the power generation from hard coal has decreased



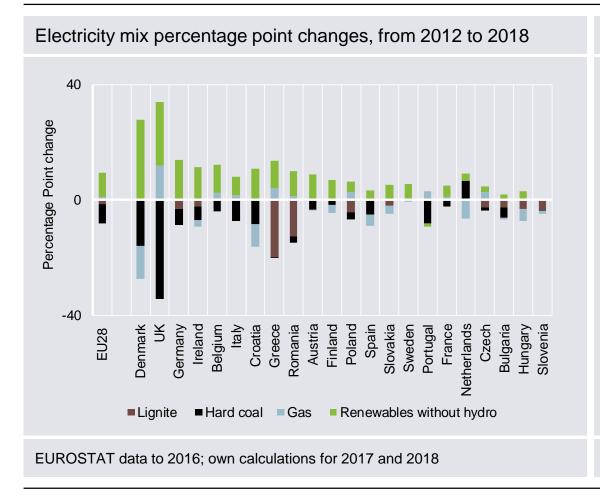




Renewables is displacing coal.



But renewables isn't being built everywhere... which is why lignite is slow to fall...



Wind and Solar forecasts for countries with no lignite phase-out

Wind				Solar		
	Installed end-2017	Installed end-2022	Additions 2018–2022	Installed end-2017	Installed end-2022	Additions 2018–2022
Poland	5.8	6.4	0.6	0.3	2.4	2.1
Czech Repu	blic 0.3			2.0		
Bulgaria	0.7			1.0		
Greece	2.7	4.0	1.3	2.6	4.2	1.6
Romania	3.0	3.5	0.5	1.4		
Slovenia	0.003			0.258		

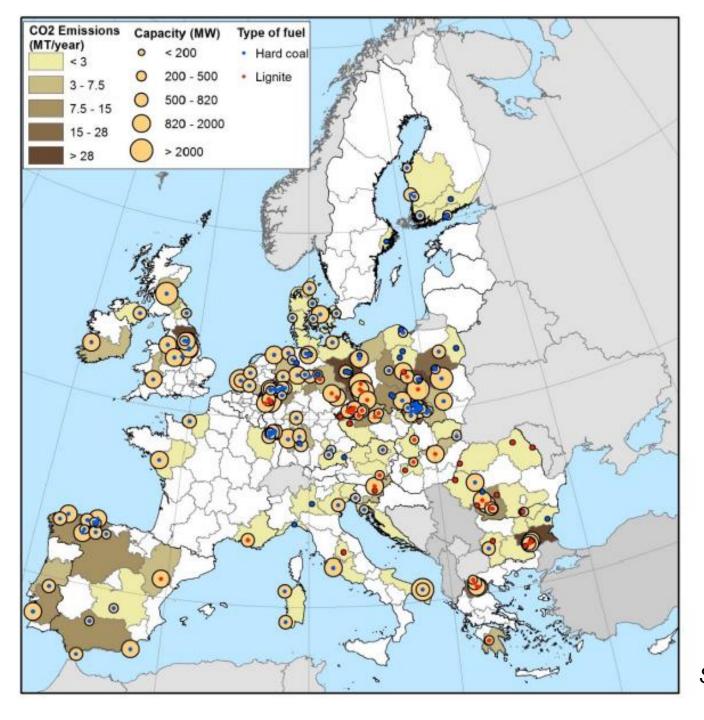
WindEurope actuals and forecast; SolarPower Europe actuals and forecast





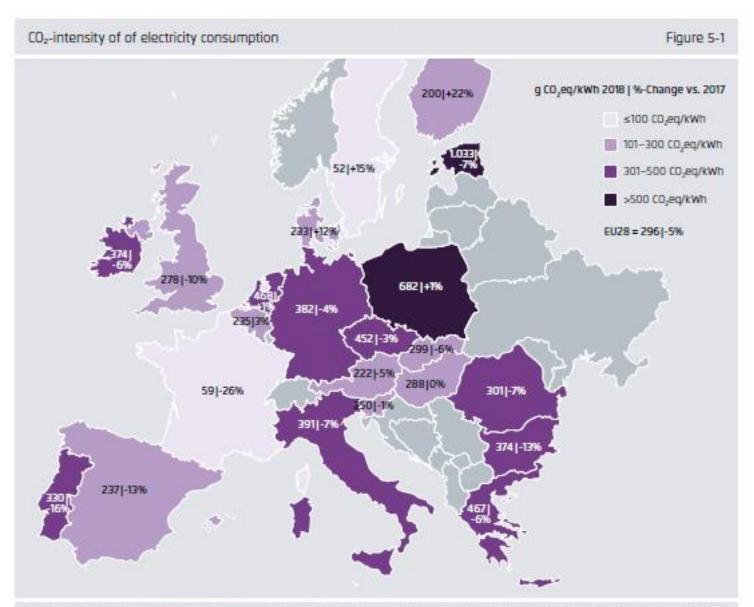
Almost all EU members states have relevant coal capacities in their power system





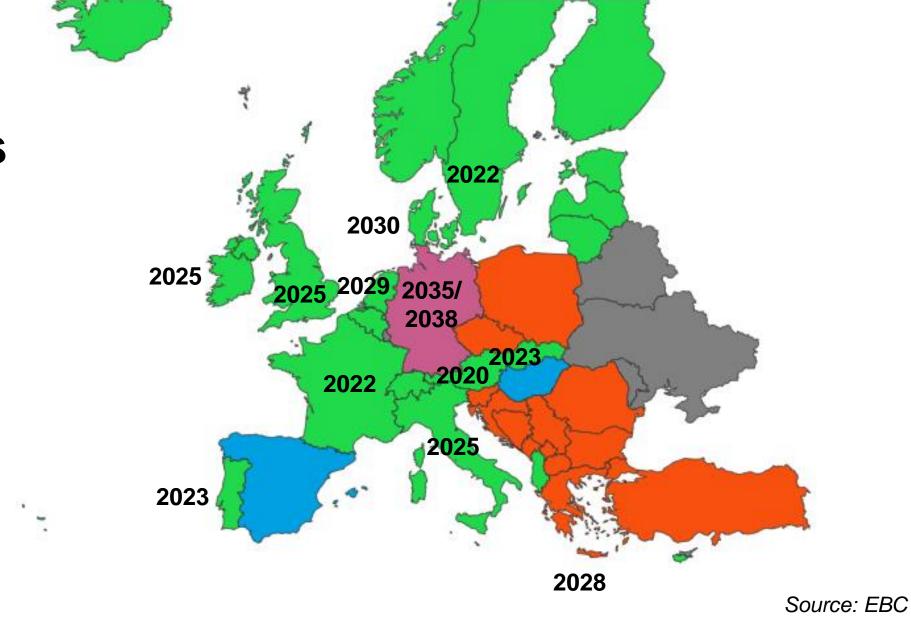
But: The share of coal in national coal mixes varies widely – with major effects on the CO₂intensity of the power mix





Our aggregation of www.ElectricityMap.org data. They use lifetime carbon intensity figures from 2014 IPCC report by fuel (e.g. 450 g CO₂/KWh gas, 820 g coal - no distinction of lignite or hard coal, 11 g for wind), and generation mostly from ENTSO-E. Carbon intensity of imports/exports are calculated according to generation mix in the giving/receiving country in that hour.

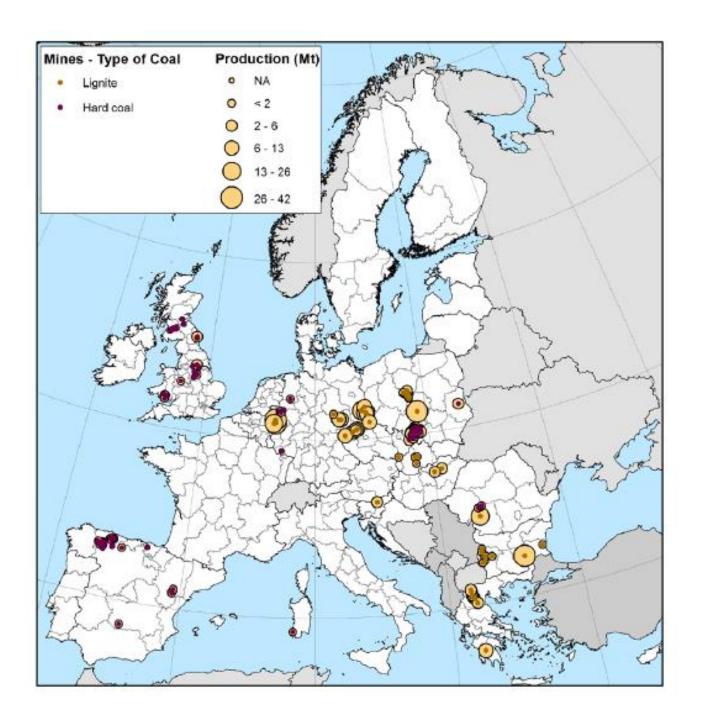
A substantial number EU member states has already implemented or announced to phase out coal by 2030





There is a strong correlation between phase out ambition and regional mining





This is no surprise, since most of the employment in the coal sector goes back to mining



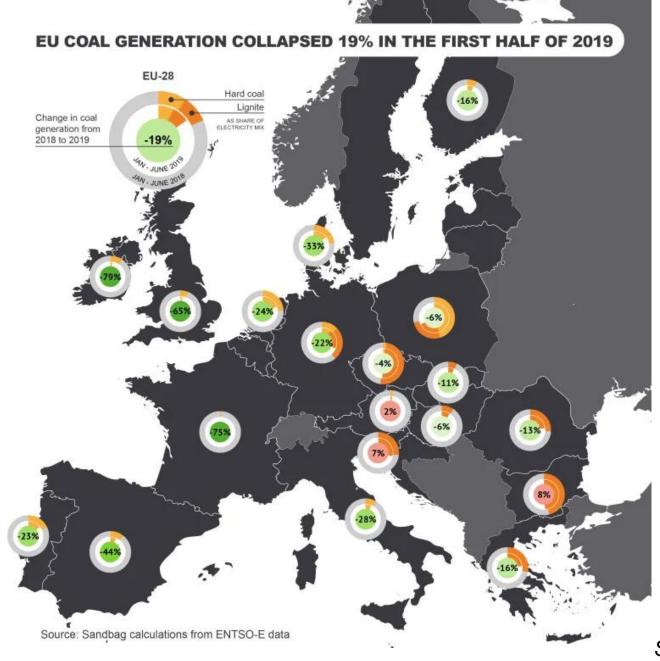
Country	Jobs in coal power plants	Jobs in coal mines	Total jobs
Poland	13 000	99 500	112 500
Germany	10 900	24 700	35 700
Czech Republic	3 600	18 000	21 600
Romania	3 600	15 000	18 600
Bulgaria	2 700	11 800	14 500
Spain	3 300	3 400	6 700
Greece	1 600	4 900	6 500
United Kingdom	4 100	2 000	6 100
Slovakia	500	2 200	2 700
Italy	2 400	300	2 700
Hungary	900	1 700	2 500
Slovenia	600	1 300	1 900
Finland	1 100	0	1 100
Denmark	1 000	0	1 000
Netherlands	900	0	900





Outlook 2019: We will see yet another significant drop in coal generation

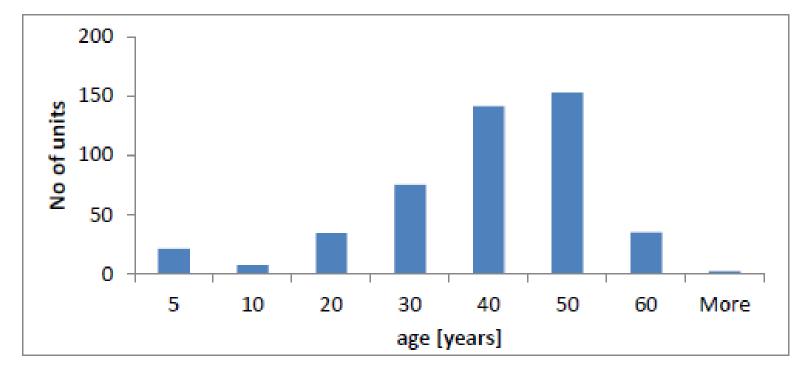




Source: SANDBAG

Outlook 2030 (1): About two thirds of coal power plants will be retired

Figure 22. Age distribution of the European coal power plant fleet.





Outlook 2030 (2): An increase of climate ambition to -55% might result in a EU wide coal phase out "well before 2035"

- Contributions by ETS/Non-ETS essential
- Coal phase out by 2030 would bring EU to -50% to -53% in 2030



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